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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/996,461	11/28/2001	Howard B. Sosin	2002832-0016	2420	
7590 03/10/2005			EXAM	EXAMINER	
Brenda Herschbach Jarrell, Ph.D.			LEGESSE, NINI F		
Choate, Hall & Stewart Exchange Place			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
53 State Street			3711		
Boston, MA 02109			DATE MAILED: 03/10/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/996,461	SOSIN, HOWARD B.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Nini F. Legesse	3711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 No.	ovember 2004.					
<i>,</i>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	63 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 20-24 and 26-31 is/are pending in the	☑ Claim(s) 20-24 and 26-31 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>20-24 and 26-31</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	-				
,						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner		Tuaminas				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceedable and any objection to the comparison of the co						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa						
Priority under 35 H S C & 119						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
						<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority</li></ul>
application from the International Bureau	•	d III tills National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of		d.				
Attaghment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Pager No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	٠/ 🗀 ٥١١٠٠٠					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Applicant's response to the last office action is acknowledged on 11/19/04.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 20-24 and 26-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 6,514,446 (US Patent No. 6,514,446).

With regards to claims 20, 26, and 31, Smith discloses a substrate and a plurality of fibers wherein the fibers comprise a polymer that is capable of reversibly changing color (see column 1 lines 56-65). It is noted that since it is stated that the polymer fiber could be used for carpet, the underlining of the carpet is considered as a substrate and the top surface of the carpet is the fiber part. Smith fails to explicitly state if the fiber polymers respond to an elastic elongation by changing from a relaxed color to an elongated color. Smith has stated in column 4 line s 23-24 that temperature change is one reason for the change of color. When the foot or when an element is dragged on the carpet impacts Smith's carpet, it would be obvious that some fibers will be stretched and the process of the impact would create same heat. Thus it would be obvious that the change of temperature due to the impact or the drag of an element on the Smith carpet would provide change of color.

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With regards to claims 21-23, Smith does not disclose expressly if the fibers comprise

or compose poly (diacetylene). At the time the invention was made, it would have been

an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use poly

(diacetylene) because Applicant has not disclosed that the use of poly (diacetylene)

provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem.

One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention

to perform equally well with either any of Smith's multiple examples of a thermochromic

compositions because many different types of thermochromic composition perform the

same function of reversibly changing color of elements with temperature. Therefore, it

would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify Smith's reference to

obtain the invention as specified in claims 21-23.

With regards to claim 24, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in

the art at the time the invention was made to have an indicia on a carper since it was

known in the art that different designs on a carpet would make it more attractive.

With regards to claim 27, the fibers of the Smith device includes a chromogen that is

not coated on the surface of the fiber because column 4 lines 15+ indicates that the

polymer is a matrix of a colorant, dye of a pigment.

With regards to claims 28 and 30, for the reasons discussed in claims 20, 26, and 27

above, the chromogen is considered as being a stress Chromic.

With regards to claim 29, since the polymer matrix fiber of Smith responds to

temperature change it is considered to be a thermochromic.

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### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claim 20-24 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nini F. Legesse whose telephone number is (571) 272-4412. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM - 6:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Vidovich can be reached on (571) 272-4415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**NFL** 

03/07/05

GREGORY ADOVICH

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2700